

Benzodiazepines Confirmation, Chain of Custody, Random, Urine

### Overview

#### **Useful For**

Detecting drug use involving benzodiazepines such as alprazolam, chlordiazepoxide, clonazepam, diazepam, midazolam, oxazepam, temazepam, clobazam, flunitrazepam, flurazepam, lorazepam, prazepam, triazolam, and zolpidem, in urine specimens handled through the chain-of-custody process

Providing chain of custody for when the results of testing could be used in a court of law. Its purpose is to protect the rights of the individual contributing the specimen by demonstrating that it was under the control of personnel involved with testing the specimen at all times; this control implies that the opportunity for specimen tampering would be limited.

### **Additional Tests**

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
COCH	Chain of Custody	No	Yes
	Processing		
ADLTX	Adulterants Survey, CoC, U	Yes	Yes

## **Testing Algorithm**

Testing for adulterants will be performed on all chain-of-custody urine samples per regulatory requirements.

#### **Method Name**

BNZX: Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)

ADLTX: Spectrophotometry

## **NY State Available**

Yes

## **Specimen**

## Specimen Type

Urine

## Specimen Required

Supplies: Chain of Custody Kit (T282)

Container/Tube: Chain of custody kit containing the specimen containers, seals, and documentation required

Specimen Volume: 5 mL

Collection Instructions: Collect specimen in the container provided, seal, and submit with the associated documentation

to satisfy the legal requirements for chain-of-custody testing.



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Additional Information: Submitting less than 5 mL will compromise the ability to perform all necessary testing.

## **Forms**

- 1. Chain of Custody Request is included in the Chain of Custody Kit (T282).
- 2. If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a Therapeutics Test Request (T831) with the specimen.

## Specimen Minimum Volume

1 mL

## Reject Due To

Gross	Reject
hemolysis	
Gross icterus	Reject

## **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Urine	Refrigerated (preferred)	7 days	
	Frozen	14 days	

## **Clinical & Interpretive**

### **Clinical Information**

Benzodiazepines are any of a group of compounds having a common molecular structure and acting similarly as depressants of the central nervous system. As a class of drugs, benzodiazepines are among the most commonly prescribed drugs in the western hemisphere because of their efficacy, safety, low addiction potential, minimal side effects, and high public demand for sedative and anxiolytic agents.

Chain of custody is a record of the disposition of a specimen to document each individual who collected, handled, and performed the analysis. When a specimen is submitted in this manner, analysis will be performed in such a way that it will withstand regular court scrutiny.

### **Reference Values**

Negative

Cutoff concentrations by liquid chromatography- tandem mass spectroscopy:

Alprazolam: 10 ng/mL

Alpha-hydroxyalprazolam: 10 ng/mL

Chlordiazepoxide: 10 ng/mL Clonazepam: 10 ng/mL

7-Aminoclonazepam: 10 ng/mL

Diazepam: 10 ng/mL



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Nordiazepam: 10 ng/mL Midazolam: 10 ng/mL

Alpha-hydroxy midazolam: 10 ng/mL

Oxazepam: 10 ng/mL Temazepam: 10 ng/mL Clobazam: 10 ng/mL

N-Desmethylclobazam by LC-MS/MS: 10 ng/mL

Flunitrazepam: 10 ng/mL

7-Aminoflunitrazepam: 10 ng/mL

Flurazepam: 10 ng/mL

2-Hydroxy ethyl flurazepam: 10 ng/mL

Lorazepam: 10 ng/mL Prazepam: 10 ng/mL Triazolam: 10 ng/mL

Alpha-hydroxy triazolam: 10 ng/mL

Zolpidem: 10 ng/mL

Zolpidem phenyl-4-carboxylic acid: 10 ng/mL

## Interpretation

Benzodiazepines are extensively metabolized, and the parent compounds are not detected in urine. This test screens for (and confirms) the presence of:

- -Alprazolam
- -Alpha-hydroxyalprazolam (metabolite of alprazolam)
- -Chlordiazepoxide
- -Clonazepam
- -7-Aminoclonazepam (metabolite of clonazepam)
- -Diazepam (separate prescribable drug and metabolite of medzazepam)
- -Nordiazepam (metabolite of clorazepate, halazepam, prazepam, diazepam and medazepam)
- -Midazolam
- -Alpha-hydroxy midazolam (metabolite of midazolam)
- -Oxazepam (separate prescribable drug and metabolite of clorazepate, halazepam, prazepam, medazepam, temazepam, and diazepam)
- -Temazepam (separate prescribable drug and metabolite of medazepam and diazepam)
- -Clobazam
- -N-Desmethylclobazam (metabolite of clobazam)
- -Flunitrazepam
- -7-Aminoflunitrazepam (metabolite of flunitrazepam)
- -Flurazepam
- -2-Hydroxy ethyl flurazepam (metabolite of flurazepam)
- -Lorazepam
- -Prazepam
- -Triazolam
- -Alpha-hydroxy triazolam (metabolite of triazolam)
- -Zolpidem



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-Zolpidem phenyl-4-carboxylic acid (metabolite of zolpidem)

The clearance half-life of long-acting benzodiazepines is more than 24 hours. It takes 5 to 7 half-lives to clear 98% of a drug dose. Therefore, the presence of a long-acting benzodiazepine greater than the limit of quantification indicates exposure within a 5 to 20-day interval preceding specimen collection. Following a dose of diazepam, the drug and its metabolites appear in the urine within 30 minutes. Peak urine output is reached between 1 and 8 hours. See Mayo Clinic Laboratories <a href="Drugs of Abuse Testing Guide">Drugs of Abuse Testing Guide</a> for additional information including metabolism, clearance (half-life), and approximate detection times.

#### **Cautions**

No significant cautionary statements

#### Clinical Reference

- 1. Gudin JA, Mogali S, Jones JD, Comer SD: Risks, management, and monitoring of combination of opioid, benzodiazepines, and/or alcohol use. Postgrad Med. 2013 Jul;125(4):115-130. doi: 10.3810/pgm.2013.07.2684
- 2. Manchikanti L, Abdi S, Atluri S, et al: American Society of Interventional Pain Physicians (ASIPP) guidelines for responsible opioid prescribing in chronic non-cancer pain: Part 2--guidance. Pain Physician. 2012 Jul;15(3 Supp):S67-116
- 3. Barkin RL: In: Baselt RC, ed. Disposition of Toxic Drugs and Chemicals in Man. 8th ed. Biomedical Publications; 2008
- 4. Langman LJ, Bechtel LK, Meier BM, Holstege C: Clinical toxicology. In: Rifai N, Horvath AR, Wittwer CT, eds. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. 6th ed. Elsevier; 2018:1328-1333

## **Performance**

### **Method Description**

Benzodiazepines are extensively metabolized by the liver and subsequently exist in the urine primarily as conjugated esters (-glucuronides). The conjugated metabolites are cleaved during a mild hydrolysis utilizing the enzyme glucuronidase. Stable isotope forms of the compounds are added as internal standards to account for extraction losses. An aliquot of the hydrolyzed sample is diluted and the analytes are separated by liquid chromatography tandem mass spectroscopy (LC-MS/MS) and analyzed by multiple reaction monitoring.(Unpublished Mayo method)

### **PDF Report**

No

## Day(s) Performed

Tuesday through Friday, Sunday

#### Report Available

3 to 6 days

## **Specimen Retention Time**

14 days

## Performing Laboratory Location



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Rochester

## Fees & Codes

## **Fees**

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

## **Test Classification**

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

### **CPT Code Information**

80347

G0480 (if appropriate)

## **LOINC®** Information

	Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
ı	BNZX	Benzodiazepines Conf, CoC, U	90890-5

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
608452	Benzodiazepines Immunoassay	14316-4
	Screen	
608280	Alprazolam by LC-MS/MS	59615-5
608281	Alpha-Hydroxyalprazolam by	16348-5
	LC-MS/MS	
608282	Chlordiazepoxide by LC-MS/MS	20522-9
608283	Clonazepam by LC-MS/MS	16229-7
608284	7-aminoclonazepam by LC-MS/MS	51776-3
608285	Diazepam by LC-MS/MS	16227-1
608286	Nordiazepam by LC-MS/MS	16228-9
608287	Midazolam by LC-MS/MS	16233-9
608288	Alpha-Hydroxy Midazolam by	59590-0
	LC-MS/MS	
608289	Oxazepam by LC-MS/MS	16201-6
608290	Temazepam by LC-MS/MS	20559-1
608291	Clobazam by LC-MS/MS	59635-3
608292	N-Desmethylclobazam by LC-MS/MS	97160-6
608293	Flunitrazepam by LC-MS/MS	20528-6
608294	7-aminoflunitrazepam by LC-MS/MS	51777-1



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608295	Flurazepam by LC-MS/MS	16231-3
608296	2-Hydroxy Ethyl Flurazepam by	97159-8
	LC-MS/MS	
608297	Lorazepam by LC-MS/MS	17088-6
608298	Prazepam by LC-MS/MS	17479-7
608299	Triazolam by LC-MS/MS	16232-1
608300	Alpha-Hydroxy Triazolam by	49876-6
	LC-MS/MS	
608301	Zolpidem by LC-MS/MS	72770-1
608302	Zolpidem Phenyl-4-Carboxylic acid by	72768-5
	LC-MS/MS	
608449	Benzodiazepines Interpretation	69050-3
608450	Chain of Custody	77202-0