



Test Definition: 1DIS

Human Leukocyte Antigens (HLA) A-B-C
Disease Association Typing Low Resolution,
Blood

Overview

Useful For

Determining class I human leukocyte antigens (HLA) on specimens for those patients who have become refractory to platelet transfusions and identify potential disease associations or markers for drug hypersensitivity

Method Name

Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS)

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Whole Blood ACD

Specimen Required

Container/Tube: Yellow top (ACD solution A or B)

Specimen Volume: 6 mL

Collection Instructions: Send whole blood in original tube. **Do not aliquot.**

Additional Information: Specimen acceptability is based on extracted DNA concentration and not sample age.

Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a [Hematopathology/Cytogenetics Test Request](#) (T726) with the specimen.

Specimen Minimum Volume

3 mL

Reject Due To

Extracted DNA	Reject
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Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Whole Blood ACD	Ambient (preferred)		
	Refrigerated		

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

Human leukocyte antigens (HLA) are regulators of the immune response. HLA class I typing is used to identify HLA-matched platelets for alloimmunized refractory patients and identify presence of HLA antigens associated with a number of diseases or as drug hypersensitivity markers class I HLA antigens include A, B, and C loci.

Reference Values

Not applicable

Interpretation

Interpretation depends on the rationale for ordering the test.

Cautions

No significant cautionary statements

Clinical Reference

1. Terasaki PI, Bernoco D, Park MS, Ozturk G, Iwaki Y. Microdroplet testing for HLA-A, -B, -C, and -D antigens. The Phillip Levine Award Lecture. *Am J Clin Pathol.* 1978;69(2):103-120
2. Colinas RJ, Bellisario R, Pass KA. Multiplexed genotyping of beta-globin variants from PCR-amplified newborn blood spot DNA by hybridization with allele-specific oligodeoxynucleotides coupled to an array of fluorescent microspheres. *Clin Chem.* 2000;46(7):996-998
3. Kennedy AE, Ozbek U, Dorak MT. What has GWAS done for HLA and disease associations?. *Int J Immunogenet.* 2017;44(5):195-211. doi:10.1111/iji.12332
4. Caillat-Zucman S. New insights into the understanding of MHC associations with immune-mediated disorders. *HLA.* 2017;89(1):3-13. doi: 10.1111/tan.12947
5. Howell WM. HLA and disease: guilt by association. *Int J Immunogenet.* 2014;41(1):1-12. doi:10.1111/iji.12088
6. Profaizer T, Pole A, Monds C, Delgado JC, Lazar-Molnar E. Clinical utility of next generation sequencing based HLA typing for disease association and pharmacogenetic testing. *Hum Immunol.* 2020;81(7):354-360

Performance

Method Description

Next-generation sequencing is used to type for class I alleles (A, B, and C) from genomic DNA. This method uses strictly controlled polymerase chain reaction (PCR) conditions for DNA amplification. The PCR amplicons are processed and sequenced via the Illumina MiSeq instrument. The output files are analyzed in provided software, which compares the data against the IMGT/HLA database to assign the molecular typing.(Package insert: NGSgo HLA Kit. GenDx; v3, 06/2022)

For resolution of an allelic ambiguity or in select cases, the following additional methodologies may be utilized:

-Sequence-based typing (SBT) by Sanger sequencing(Package insert: SeCore Sequencing and GSSP Kits. One Lambda, Inc;

Rev 3, 02/06/2021)

-Reverse sequence-specific oligonucleotides (SSO)(Package insert: LABType SSO Typing Test. One Lambda, Inc.; Rev 04, 11/11/2019)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Monday, Wednesday

Report Available

7 to 17 days

Specimen Retention Time

14 days

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

Fees & Codes**Fees**

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

81372

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
1DIS	HLA-A-B-C DisAssoc Typing LowRes,B	96629-1

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
1DA02	ABC DisAssoc Comment	96625-9
1DA03	A - 1 Equivalent	13298-5
1DA04	A - 2 Equivalent	13298-5

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1DA05	A - 1 Molecular	78014-8
1DA06	A - 2 Molecular	78014-8
1DA07	B - 1 Equivalent	13299-3
1DA08	B - 2 Equivalent	13299-3
1DA09	B - 1 Molecular	78015-5
1DA10	B - 2 Molecular	78015-5
1DA11	Bw - 1 Equivalent	96633-3
1DA12	Bw - 2 Equivalent	96633-3
1DA13	C - 1 Equivalent	13302-5
1DA14	C - 2 Equivalent	13302-5
1DA15	C - 1 Molecular	96636-6
1DA16	C - 2 Molecular	96636-6
LRTM1	Test Method	85069-3