

## Overview

### Useful For

Monitoring serum concentration of levetiracetam, particularly in patients with kidney disease

Assessing compliance with levetiracetam therapy

Assessing potential toxicity of levetiracetam

### Method Name

Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)

### NY State Available

Yes

## Specimen

### Specimen Type

Serum

### Specimen Required

**Supplies:** Sarstedt Aliquot Tube 5 mL (T914)

**Collection Container/Tube:**

**Preferred:** Red top

**Acceptable:** Serum gel

**Submission Container/Tube:** Plastic vial

**Specimen Volume:** 1 mL

**Collection Instructions:**

1. Draw blood immediately before next scheduled dose.
2. **For sustained-release formulations only**, draw blood a minimum of 12 hours after last dose.
3. Within 2 hours of collection, centrifuge, and aliquot serum into a plastic vial.

### Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send 1 of the following forms with the specimen:

-[Neurology Specialty Testing Client Test Request](#) (T732)

-[General Request](#) (T239)

-[Therapeutics Test Request](#) (T831)

### Specimen Minimum Volume

0.5 mL

### Reject Due To

Gross hemolysis	OK
Gross lipemia	OK
Gross icterus	OK

**Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Refrigerated (preferred)	28 days	
	Ambient	28 days	
	Frozen	28 days	

**Clinical & Interpretive****Clinical Information**

Levetiracetam is approved for treatment of partial, myoclonic, and tonic-clonic seizures and is used off-label for manic states and migraine prophylaxis. Levetiracetam has very favorable pharmacokinetics with good bioavailability and rapid achievement of steady state. Its hepatic metabolism is minimal and nonoxidative, making it safe for use with hepatic enzyme inducers or inhibitors. The major metabolite is a carboxylic acid derivate, which is inactive and accounts for roughly one quarter of the administered dose. Levetiracetam is excreted renally, with a mean half-life of 7 hours in adults and slightly less than that in children. Kidney dysfunction may warrant therapeutic monitoring and/or dose adjustment.

Given the lack of drug interactions and favorable pharmacokinetics, the primary uses for therapeutic drug monitoring of levetiracetam are compliance assurance and management of physiological changes such as puberty, pregnancy, and aging. Toxicities associated with levetiracetam use include decreased hematocrit and red blood cell count, decreased neutrophil count, somnolence, asthenia, and dizziness. These toxicities may be associated with blood concentrations in the therapeutic range.

**Reference Values**

10.0-40.0 mcg/mL

**Interpretation**

Most individuals display optimal response to levetiracetam with serum levels 10.0 to 40.0 mcg/mL. Some individuals may respond well outside of this range or may display toxicity within the therapeutic range; thus, interpretation should include clinical evaluation.

Toxic levels have not been well established. Therapeutic ranges are based on specimen collected at trough (ie, immediately before the next dose).

**Cautions**

This test cannot be performed on whole blood.

**Clinical Reference**

1. Patsalos PN, Berry DJ, Bourgeois BF, et al. Antiepileptic drugs-best practice guidelines for therapeutic drug monitoring: a position paper by the subcommission on therapeutic drug monitoring. ILAE Commission on Therapeutic Strategies. *Epilepsia*. 2008;49(7):1239-1276
2. Johannessen SI, Tomson T. Pharmacokinetic variability of newer antiepileptic drugs: when is monitoring needed? *Clin Pharmacokinet*. 2006;45(11):1061-1075
3. Hiemke C, Bergemann N, Clement HW, et al. Consensus guidelines for therapeutic drug monitoring in neuropsychopharmacology: Update 2017. *Pharmacopsychiatry*. 2018;51(1-02):9-62
4. Milone MC, Shaw LM. Therapeutic Drugs and Their Management. In: Rifai N, Chiu RWK, Young I, Burnham C-AD, Wittwer CT, eds. *Tietz Textbook of Laboratory Medicine*. 7th ed. Elsevier; 2023:420-453

## Performance

### Method Description

The serum sample is diluted in acetonitrile containing internal standard. The protein precipitate is centrifuged, and a portion of the supernatant is diluted with mobile phase for detection by a tandem mass spectrometer.(Unpublished Mayo method)

### PDF Report

No

### Day(s) Performed

Monday through Sunday

### Report Available

Same day/1 to 2 days

### Specimen Retention Time

14 days

### Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive

## Fees & Codes

### Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

### Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

**CPT Code Information**

80177

**LOINC® Information**

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
LEVE	Levetiracetam, S	30471-7

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
83140	Levetiracetam, S	30471-7