MAYO CLINIC LABORATORIES

Test Definition: C5FX

C5 Complement, Functional, Serum

Overview

Useful For

Diagnosis of C5 deficiency

Investigation of a patient with an undetectable total complement level

Method Name

Turbidimetric Measurement of Liposome Lysis

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Serum

Ordering Guidance

The total complement assay (COM / Complement, Total, Serum) should be used as a screen for suspected complement deficiencies before ordering individual complement component assays. A deficiency of an individual component of the complement cascade will result in an undetectable total complement level.

Specimen Required

Patient Preparation:

Fasting: 12 hours, preferred but not required

Supplies: Sarstedt Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T914)

Collection Container/Tube:

Preferred: Serum gel

Acceptable: Red top

Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial

Specimen Volume: 1 mL of serum

Collection Instructions:

1. Immediately after specimen collection, place the tube on wet ice and allow specimen to clot.
2. Centrifuge at 4 degrees C and aliquot serum into a plastic vial.
3. Within 30 minutes of centrifugation, freeze specimen. Specimen must be placed on dry ice if not frozen immediately.

Note: If a refrigerated centrifuge is not available, it is acceptable to use a room temperature centrifuge, provided the sample is kept on ice before centrifugation, and immediately afterward, the serum is aliquoted and frozen.

Specimen Minimum Volume

Serum: 0.5 mL

Reject Due To

Gross hemolysis	Reject
Gross lipemia	Reject
Gross icterus	OK

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Frozen	14 days	

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

Complement proteins are components of the innate immune system. There are 3 pathways to complement activation: 1) the classical pathway, 2) the alternative (or properdin) pathway, and 3) the lectin (mannan-binding lectin) pathway. The classical pathway of the complement system is composed of a series of proteins that are activated in response to the presence of immune complexes. A single IgM molecule or 2 IgG molecules are sufficient to trigger activation of the recognition complex initiated by C1q. The activation process triggers a cascade that includes an amplification loop. The amplification loop is mediated by C3, with cleavage of a series of proteins, and results in 3 main end products: 1) anaphylatoxins that promote inflammation (C3a, C5a), 2) opsonization peptides that are chemotactic for neutrophils (C3b) and facilitate phagocytosis, and 3) the membrane attack complex (MAC), which promotes cell lysis.

Patients with deficiencies of the late complement proteins (C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9) are unable to form the MAC and may have increased susceptibility to neisserial infections. There have been between 20 and 100 cases of C5 deficiency reported.

Complement levels can be detected by antigen assays that quantitate the amount of the protein (C5AG / C5 Complement, Antigen, Serum). For most of the complement proteins, a small number of cases have been described in which the protein is present but is nonfunctional. These rare cases require a functional assay to detect the deficiency.

Reference Values

> or =39 U/mL

Interpretation

Low levels of complement may be due to inherited deficiencies, acquired deficiencies, or due to complement consumption (eg, as a consequence of infectious or autoimmune processes).

Absent C5 levels in the presence of normal C3 and C4 values are consistent with a C5 deficiency. Absent C5 levels in the presence of low C3 and C4 values suggest complement consumption.

Normal results indicate both normal C5 protein levels and normal functional activity.

Cautions

As with all complement assays, proper specimen handling is of utmost importance to ensure that the complement system is not activated before clinical testing.

Absent (or low) C5 functional levels in the presence of normal C5 antigen levels should be replicated with a new serum specimen to confirm that C5 inactivation did not occur during shipping.

Clinical Reference

1. Sonntag J, Brandenburg U, Polzehl D, et al. Complement systems in healthy term newborns: reference values in umbilical cord blood. Pediatr Dev Pathol. 1998;1(2):131-135
2. Prellner K, Sjoholm AG, Truedsson L. Concentrations of C1q, factor B, factor D and properdin in healthy children, and the age-related presence of circulating C1r-C1s complexes. Acta Paediatr Scand. 1987;76(6):939-943
3. Davis ML, Austin C, Messmer BL, et al. IFCC-standardization pediatric reference intervals for 10 serum proteins using the Beckman Array 360 system. Clin Biochem. 1996;29(5):489-492
4. Gaither TA, Frank MM: Complement. In: Henry JB, ed. Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods. 17th ed. WB Saunders Company; 1984:879-892
5. O'Neil KM. Complement deficiency. Clin Rev Allergy Immunol. 2000;19(2):83-108
6. Frank MM. Complement deficiencies. Pediatr Clin North Am. 2000 Dec;47(6):1339-1354
7. Willrich MAV, Braun KMP, Moyer AM, Jeffrey DH, Frazer-Abel A. Complement testing in the clinical laboratory. Crit Rev Clin Lab Sci. 2021;58(7):447-478. doi:10.1080/10408363.2021.1907297

Performance

Method Description

Testing is performed on the Binding Site Optilite turbidimetric analyzer with the Optilite CH50 Reagent kit using modified manufacturer's instructions. C5 activity is measured by mixing patient serum with C5-deficient serum. The lytic activity of the serum mixture is tested against sensitized, labeled liposomes.(Package insert: Optilite CH50 Reagent, The Binding Site Group, Ltd.; INS095.OPTA, 08/2024)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Tuesday, Friday

Report Available

1 to 3 days

Specimen Retention Time

14 days

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to Test Prices for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact Customer Service 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact Customer Service.

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

86161

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
C5FX	C5 Complement, Functional, S	60472-8

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
C5FX	C5 Complement, Functional, S	60472-8